



As a worldwide breeding and seed company with 100 years of experience, Deutsche Saatveredelung AG (DSV) offers its customers innovative varieties and complex cultivation methods. DSV is a full-service provider for the entire agricultural crop rotation and turf grasses. We are a successful breeder of oilseed rape and cereals, as well as grasses and small-seeded forage legumes. Furthermore, we are specialists in cover crops and offer a wide-ranging maize portfolio as well as sorghum. We provide turf customers with several solutions, beginning with single varieties for all kind of turf use, high quality mixtures for professional or private use up to complete programs for the do-it-yourself market. Our activities encompass not only the breeding and production of new varieties with the properties and combinations of features desired by our customers, but also expert advice, high quality service and extensive marketing through a global distribution network. Working on the 'one-stop shop' principle, we are a full-service supplier in the seed sector.

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### DSV Northstar: Innovation for your Growth

In 2022 Northstar Seed merged with Deutsche Saatveredelung AG (DSV) and DSV Northstar Ltd. was built. With this union 100 years of European experience in plant breeding and research was joined with 40 years of Western Canadian seed production and agronomic service excellence. The combination of the strengths of both companies would benefit seed producers across Western Canada. DSV Northstar stands for extensive breeding and testing on forage grass species and small-seeded legumes. This includes Italian, Annual and Hybrid Ryegrass, Timothy, Meadow Fescue, Tall Fescue, Orchardgrass as well as different Clover species and Alfalfa.

DSV as a grass breeder selects new forage crops not only for yield, tolerance to diseases and abiotic stress factors, they also place a special focus on forage quality. The aim is to select forage plants for a high milk yield. Therefore varieties are especially selected for an extraordinary digestibility and a high nutrient concentration. Once varieties are selected for yield and quality, cold weather testing and climate suitability takes place in our testing facilities in Neepawa, Manitoba. Varieties have to endure and thrive in the harsh Canadian climate before they can go out in a DSV Northstar branded seed bag.

Prior to Northstar Seed joining DSV, 30 years of experience in testing and producing of DSV varieties were present. After intensive testing, DSV products such as ELUNARIA Annual Ryegrass, NOVIO Timothy and PREVAL Meadow Fescue were made available through Northstar Seed. The result of this strategic relationship finally ended in DSV Northstar Ltd.

Cover crops and soil health are important topics of conversation today. Experience from 100 years of breeding has taught that healthy soil is the basis for sustainable growth. Without a profound understanding of the interactions and processes, resource-conserving agriculture is not possible. DSV breeds healthy, nutrient-efficient varieties and are experts in sustainable crop rotation systems, such as cover crops and undersowing crops.

All this is based on effective quality management which is called Integrated Quality (IQ). This approach encompasses all divisions of the company to implement one integrated and comprehensive product offering that is based on high production standards. DSV Northstar sales agronomists listen to their customers and provide extensive and individualized advice, relaying customer's needs back to the breeders.

Our goal is to help to create a forage and cover crop plan that will benefit your animals, your soil, and your income. Innovation for your Growth.

### New Products for 2024





### **ATURO** Timothy

ATURO is a persistent medium maturing perennial variety which provides big-league forage quality. This high yielding performer delivers superb disease resistance and has first-rate tolerance to cold and wetness. ATURO offers great sward density coupled with lodging resistance.



### **AAC RENEGADE** Crested Wheatgrass

AAC RENEGADE is a new tetraploid crested wheatgrass developed through the Plant Sciences Department of the University of Saskatchewan.

AAC RENEGADE is a taller plant with a longer and wider leaf than KTh's variety has excellent persistence and has performed well in all soil zones where it was tested in the Canadian Prairies. Yields across all stations averaged 104% of KIRK.



#### TETRAX Meadow Fescue

**TETRAX** is a tetraploid meadow fescue with significantly higher digestibility. On average, the digestible organic matter of TETRAX is 20 g/kg higher than one of the best diploid varieties. TETRAX also has very good resistance to leaf diseases, early rapid development, and good winter hardiness.





### FALLADINO Annual Ryegrass

**FALLADINO** is a tetraploid annual ryegrass bred by DSV. The early growth development combined with a low susceptibility to lodging and rust make FALLADINO a good choice for cover crop use. This is additionally supported by its good first cut yields.



### DWARF DC BRAND BMR

Sorghum Sudangrass

Many farmers are reviewing their choices for perennial and annual crops after recent droughts. Due to the species' great stress tolerance to abiotic factors, sorghum is receiving more attention in this context. **DWARF DC Brand BMR** is an early hybrid with 40 % more leaf density due to the leaf count and leaf width. The results are a digestible high-quality forage.



### Alfalfa Selection Guide

|  |                  | 上之二萬時代              | The Park         | 是1000年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1  |
|--|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|
| Variety                                | Fall<br>Dormancy | Winter<br>Hardiness | Root<br>Type     | Key Features  |
| REVOLUTION MD<br>Maximum Digestibility | 3.7              | 1.7                 | Тар              | Exceptional forage quality  - High RFQ (Relative Feed Quality) rating and rate of digestion  - Large leaf area with an increased leaf to stem ratio  - Outstanding disease and pest resistance package  - Excellent winter hardiness combined with high yield potential     |
| <b>PERFECTION</b><br>Rapid Growth      | 4                | 2                   | Тар              | The latest advancement in StandFast Technology  – Selected for high forage DM and NDF levels  – High multifoliate expression and fast recovery  – Well suited for silage production & dairy producers   |
| ROBUST<br>High Yield,<br>Low Dormancy  | 2                | 1.5                 | Тар              | High performance synthetic variety  – Multifoliate with high leaf to stem ratio  – High forage dry matter yield and RFV (Relative Feed Value)  – Vigorous roots  – Dense crowns   |
| RUGGED ST<br>Salt Tolerant             | 3                | 2                   | Тар              | A very hardy variety<br>– Large, broad, deep set crowns<br>– Tolerance to increased salt level  |
| <b>SIDEWINDER</b><br>Creeping Root     | 2                | 1.6                 | Creeping         | Selected for high forage yield with excellent winter hardiness and persistence  - Later maturity which adds value to a grass blend  - Deep set crown with wheel traffic tolerance  - Excellent disease resistance package  - Multipurpose variety for forage hay or pasture |
| <b>EXCEED</b><br>Branch Root           | 4                | 1.8                 | Branching        | Very high forage quality with large multifoliate and trifoliate leaves  – Excellent forage quality  – High yielding branch rooted variety  – Strong disease resistance package combined with branch root technology for all soil moisture conditions                        |
| RESPONSE WT<br>Wet Tolerant            | 4                | 2                   | Branching        | Performs well on medium to heavy soils. A high yielding variety that should be considered in areas of high water table  – Excellent forage quality  – High yielding branch rooted variety  – Adjusts its root growth based on level of moisture stress                      |
| <b>AAC MEADOWVIEW</b><br>Acid Tolerant | 2                | Not Rated           | Branching<br>tap | Acid tolerant variety ideally suited for the foothills of AB and Peace region of AB and BC  – Deep set crowns  – Erect spring growth habit  – Rapid regrowth after cutting  |
| <b>HAYGRAZER</b><br>Grazing Tolerant   | 4                | 2                   | Fibrous          | A flexible variety that is bred for high hay yields as well as grazing tolerance  - Aggressive fibrous root system  - Sunken crown stands up to grazing pressure and high traffic from equipment  - Tolerant to defoliation by the Alfalfa Weevil                           |

Fall Dormancy: 1-3 short, 4-5 medium, 6-10 long | Winter hardiness: 1 extremely hardy -6 non winterhardy

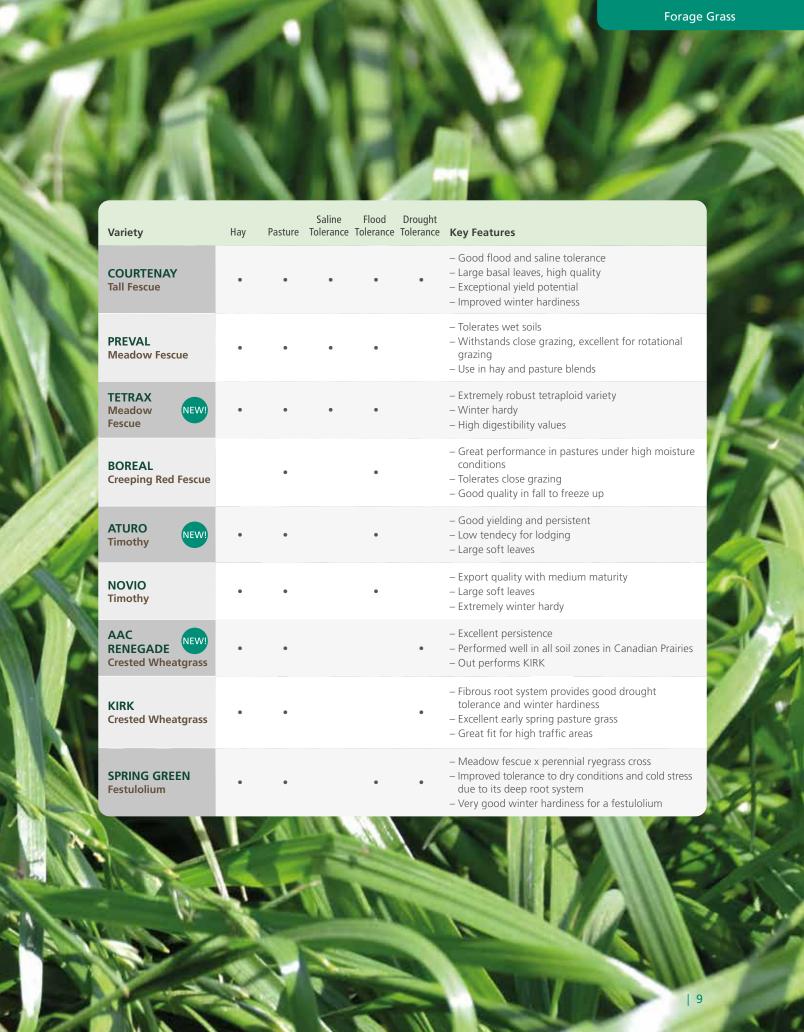
| Variety   | Fall<br>Dormancy | Winter<br>Hardiness | Root<br>Type                                  | Key Features   |
|---|------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| ALFALFA BLEND 10-5<br>Adapted to Variable<br>Conditions | Mix of 2-4       | Mix of 1.5-2        | Creeping,<br>tap,<br>branch<br>and<br>fibrous | Premium blend of five certified varieties with unique traits that enhance plant population across variable field conditions  – Now contains Robust and Sidewinder alfalfas, as well as Response, Rugged, and Haygrazer alfalfa |
| RANCHERS CHOICE<br>BRAND<br>Common #1 Blend             | n/a              | n/a                 | Combined creeping and tap                     | Consistent performing alfalfa blend  – Blend of multifoliate, trifoliate and creeping root varieties that are consistent performers  |
| Fall Dormancy: 1–3 short, 4                             | –5 medium,       | 6-10 long           | Winter hardin                                 | ness: 1 extremely hardy – 6 non winterhardy  |

### Legume Selection Guide

| Species                         | Нау | Pasture | Flood<br>Tolerance | Drought<br>Tolerance | Key Features  |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| AAC<br>MOUNTAINVIEW<br>Sainfoin | •   | •       |                    | •                    | <ul><li>Non bloating</li><li>Similiar maturity and regrowth to alfalfa</li><li>Suited for multi cut hay or grazing with alfalfa</li></ul> |
| Cicer Milkvetch                 |     | •       |                    | •                    | <ul><li>Non bloating</li><li>Very competitive once established</li></ul>  |
| Birdsfoot Trefoil               |     | •       | •                  |                      | <ul><li>Non bloating</li><li>Reseeds itself</li><li>Excellent feed quality</li></ul>  |
| Yellow Blossom<br>Sweet Clover  | •   |         |                    | •                    | <ul><li>Biennial</li><li>Improves soil drainage</li><li>Harvest early for best quality</li></ul>  |
| Red Clover                      | •   | •       | •                  |                      | – Tolerates wetter and more acidic soils than alfalfa   |
| Alsike Clover                   | •   | •       | •                  |                      | – Tolerates wet soils with poor drainage  |
| White Dutch<br>Clover           |     | •       |                    |                      | <ul><li>Good for grazing</li><li>Good regrowth, also spreads by rhizomes<br/>and reseeding itself</li></ul>                               |
| Berseem Clover                  | •   |         |                    |                      | <ul><li>Annual crops only</li><li>Low bloat</li><li>Tolerates wet soils</li></ul>   |
| Crimson Clover                  | •   |         |                    |                      | <ul><li>Annual crops only</li><li>Grows on many different types of soil</li></ul>   |

### Forage Grass Selection Guide

| Variety                          | Нау | Pasture | Saline<br>Tolerance | Flood<br>Tolerance | Drought<br>Tolerance | Key Features  |
|----------------------------------|-----|---------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| AAC MAXIMUS<br>Meadow Bromegrass | •   | •       |                     |                    | •                    | <ul><li>Taller than FLEET meadow bromegrass</li><li>More upright growth habit than FLEET</li></ul>  |
| CARLTON<br>Smooth Bromegrass     | •   | •       | •                   | •                  | •                    | <ul><li>Widely adaptable</li><li>Sod forming</li><li>Moderate saline, moisture and drought tolerance</li></ul>  |
| AC KNOWLES<br>Hybrid Bromegrass  | •   | •       | •                   | •                  | •                    | <ul> <li>Smooth and meadow bromegrass hybrid</li> <li>Yields like smooth brome with a longer growing season similar to meadow brome</li> <li>Improved leaf expression compared to smooth brome</li> </ul>                             |
| FALLADINO<br>Annual<br>Ryegrass  | •   | •       |                     | •                  |                      | <ul><li>Tetraploid variety</li><li>Outstanding rust resistance</li><li>Good option for inter &amp; intra cropping</li></ul>   |
| ELUNARIA<br>Annual Ryegrass      | •   | •       |                     | •                  |                      | <ul><li>Suitable for hay, haylage or pasture</li><li>High yield opportunity</li><li>Very good quality with broad leaves</li></ul>   |
| DOLOMIT<br>Italian Ryegrass      | •   | •       |                     | •                  |                      | <ul><li>Tetraploid variety</li><li>Similar yield and maturity to NABUCCO</li><li>Improved disease package</li></ul>   |
| FABIO<br>Italian Ryegrass        | •   | •       |                     | •                  |                      | <ul><li>Tetraploid variety</li><li>Very high yield, especially first cut</li></ul>  |
| VALERIO<br>Perennial Ryegrass    | •   | •       |                     |                    |                      | <ul><li>Tetraploid variety</li><li>Late maturity</li><li>Strong yield</li><li>Excellent persistence</li></ul>   |
| SATIN<br>Soft Leaf Tall Fescue   | •   | •       | •                   | •                  | •                    | <ul> <li>SATIN provides excellent forage quality combined with a strong disease package</li> <li>Very compatible in a stand with other legumes</li> <li>Very adaptable to high moisture stress and early signs of salinity</li> </ul> |



### Max Seed Blends Hay

### **Premium Hay Max**

A very hardy mixture that includes ATURO Timothy, our high quality leafy timothy and Alfalfa Blend 10-5, our premium alfalfa blend. This blend delivers a multi-cut hay stand under good management and variable soil conditions.

65 % ALFALFA BLEND 10-5

30 % AAC MAXIMUS Meadow Bromegrass

5 % ATURO Timothy

Seeding rate 10 – 12 lb/ac\*

### Maxi

High production blend for producers wanting a top quality alfalfa and timothy hay. ATURO Timothy performs well in low lying areas, and will assist in holding up the swath.

90 % ALFALFA BLEND 10-5

10 % ATURO Timothy

Seeding rate 10 - 12 lb/ac\*

### Saline Hay Max

This salt tolerant blend is suited for productive soils that are showing the early signs of salt stress.

40 % COURTENAY Tall Fescue

40 % RUGGED ST Alfalfa

20 % CARLTON Smooth Bromegrass

Seeding rate 10 – 12 lb/ac\*

### Rancher's Hay Max

A very adaptable blend that will deliver high yield potential under good fertility and moisture conditions.

50 % RANCHER'S CHOICE BRAND Alfalfa

30 % AAC MAXIMUS Meadow Bromegrass

20 % CARLTON Smooth Bromegrass

Seeding rate 12 - 14 lb/ac\*

### **Lowland Max**

The ideal blend for hay or pasture in areas with poor drainage as it has tolerance to increased moisture conditions.

50 % COURTENAY Tall Fescue

30 % PALATON Reed Canary Grass

20 % ATURO Timothy

Seeding rate 10 – 14 lb/ac\*



### Dual Purpose: Hay or Pasture

### **Dual Max**

This blend of high quality grasses, that have very good regrowth habits and prefer medium to heavy soils, is suited to most grazing or haying systems.

### Western Grass Max

When managed properly, this high quality all grass mix, can be a very productive hay and pasture blend that has no concerns with bloat.

### **Equine Pasture Max**

An all grass blend for horse owners providing a palatable grazing option from spring to late fall. This blend can also be used as baled forage to provide a nutritious feed source for all classes of horses.

### **Bloat Free Max**

Utilizes non-bloating legumes AAC MOUNTAINVIEW Sainfoin and Cicer Milkvetch combined with highly palatable grasses.

### **Dryland Dual Max**

For dryland pasture production. Meadow Bromegrass offers a long grazing season with very good quality and regrowth. Crested Wheatgrass has excellent early season growth.

### Saline Pasture Max

High quality all grass blend designed for saline areas in the low to mid EC levels.

<sup>25 %</sup> CARLTON Smooth Bromegrass

5% ALFALFA BLEND 10-5

Seeding rate 12 – 14 lb/ac\*

| 45 % | AAC | MAXIMUS     | Meadow   | Bromegrass |
|------|-----|-------------|----------|------------|
| 45 % | AAC | IVIAXIIVIUS | ivieadow | Bromedias  |

15 % COURTENAY Tall Fescue

10 % ATURO Timothy

5% Creeping Red Fescue

Seeding rate 14 - 16 lb/ac\*

| 40 % I | AAC | MAXIMUS | Meadow | <b>Bromegrass</b> |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|-------------------|

10 % PREVAL Meadow Fescue

10 % VALERIO Perennial Ryegrass

10 % BOREAL Creeping Red Fescue

10 % ATURO Timothy

Seeding rate 12 - 14 lb/ac\*

| 40 % AAC | <b>MAXIMUS</b> | Meadow | <b>Bromegrass</b> |
|----------|----------------|--------|-------------------|
|----------|----------------|--------|-------------------|

25 % AAC MOUNTAINVIEW Sainfoin

25 % Cicer Milkvetch

10 % COURTENAY Tall Fescue

Seeding rate 16 - 18 lb/ac\*

| C = 0 | A A C | N 1 | <b>Bromegrass</b> |
|-------|-------|-----|-------------------|
|       |       |     |                   |
|       |       |     |                   |

15 % AAC RENEGADE Crested Wheatgrass

15 % Pubescent Wheatgrass

5% SIDEWINDER Alfalfa

Seeding rate 10 - 12 lb/ac\*

| 30 % COURTENAY Tall Fescue |
|----------------------------|
|----------------------------|

30 % CARLTON Smooth Bromegrass

20 % Slender Wheatgrass

20 % Dahurian Wildrye

Seeding rate 12 - 14 lb/ac\*

<sup>\*</sup> On the above Max Seed Blends seeding rates need to be adjusted if coated seeds are used.

## Forage Adaption Guide Grasses

| Species                 | Use            | Longevity        | Winter<br>Hardiness | Root        | Average<br>Seeds/lb. | Growing<br>Period          |
|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Creeping Foxtail        | Pasture        | Long             | Good                | Sod forming | 750,000              | Early Spring – Fall        |
| Dahurian Wildrye        | Pasture        | Short            | Good                | Bunch grass | 80,000               | Spring – Fall              |
| Meadow Fescue           | Pasture        | Short/<br>Medium | Good                | Bunch grass | 230,000              | Early Spring — Late Fall   |
| Russian Wildrye         | Pasture        | Long             | Excellent           | Bunch grass | 175,000              | Early Spring – Mid Summer  |
| Tall Fescue             | Pasture        | Medium           | Good                | Bunch grass | 225,000              | Late Spring – Fall         |
| Creeping Red Fescue     | Pasture/Lawn   | Long             | Excellent           | Sod forming | 615,000              | Spring – Fall              |
| Kentucky Bluegrass      | Pasture/Lawn   | Long             | Excellent           | Sod forming | 2,180,000            | Spring – Fall              |
| Crested Wheatgrass      | Pasture/Hay    | Long             | Excellent           | Bunch grass | 175,000              | Early Spring               |
| Annual Ryegrass (Italia | n) Hay/Pasture | Annual           | Poor                | Bunch grass | 230,000              | Spring – Fall              |
| Intermediate Wheatgra   | Hay/Pasture    | Short/<br>Medium | Good                | Sod forming | 88,000               | Late Spring – Mid Summer   |
| Meadow Bromegrass       | Hay/Pasture    | Long             | Good                | Bunch grass | 80,000               | Early Spring – Late Summer |
| Orchardgrass            | Hay/Pasture    | Short            | Fair                | Bunch grass | 650,000              | Spring – Fall              |
| Perennial Ryegrass      | Hay/Pasture    | Short            | Poor                | Bunch grass | 330,000              | Spring – Fall              |
| Pubescent Wheatgrass    | Hay/Pasture    | Medium           | Good                | Sod forming | 100,000              | Early Spring – Mid Summer  |
| Smooth Bromegrass       | Hay/Pasture    | Long             | Excellent           | Sod forming | 136,000              | Mid Spring – Mid Summer    |
| Reed Canarygrass        | Hay/Pasture    | Long             | Medium              | Sod forming | 534,000              | Spring – Summer            |
| Tall Wheatgrass         | Hay/Pasture    | Long             | Excellent           | Bunch grass | 79,000               | Late Spring – Mid Summer   |
| Slender Wheatgrass      | Hay/Pasture    | Short            | Good                | Bunch grass | 160,000              | Mid Spring – Mid Summer    |
| Timothy                 | Hay/Pasture    | Medium           | Good                | Bunch grass | 1,230,000            | Spring – Summer            |
| Western Wheatgrass      | Hay/Pasture    | Long             | Excellent           | Sod forming | 110,000              | Late Spring – Summer       |



### Lawn Seed Blends

| Mixture             | Components   | Moisture<br>Requirement | Key Features   |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| DELUXE BLEND        | 70% Kentucky Bluegrass<br>20% Creeping Red Fescue<br>10% Perennial Ryegrass  | •••                     | <ul> <li>Contains the highest percentage of<br/>Kentucky Bluegrass</li> <li>For homeowners wanting a lush, vibrant<br/>green lawn</li> </ul>         |
| SUN AND SHADE       | 50 % Kentucky Bluegrass<br>30 % Creeping Red Fescue<br>20 % Perennial Ryegrass   | • • •                   | – Best suited for sunny areas and will tolerate partial shade  |
| INSTAGREEN          | 40 % Kentucky Bluegrass<br>40 % Creeping Red Fescue<br>20 % Annual Ryegrass  | • • •                   | – Very quick to establish<br>– Most economical blend for general use   |
| NITROGREEN NEW!     | 40 % Kentucky Bluegrass<br>35 % Creeping Red Fescue<br>15 % Annual Ryegrass<br>10 % EUROMIC Microclover                                    | • • •                   | <ul><li>Provides natural nitrogen</li><li>Increase wear qualities</li><li>Reduced weed invasion</li><li>Improved drought tolerance</li></ul>         |
| ECO-GROW            | 25 % Sheeps Fescue<br>25 % Hard Fescue<br>20 % GIBRALTAR Creeping Red Fescue<br>15 % BOREAL Creeping Red Fescue<br>15 % Chewings Fescue    | •                       | - Low maintenance blend of premium fescues - Low growing - Less mowing - Ideal for small acreages or for securing ground cover for livestock habitat |
| PLAYGROUND<br>BLEND | 30 % Creeping Red Fescue<br>30 % Hard Fescue<br>20 % Sheeps Fescue<br>10 % CORSAIR Kentucky Bluegrass<br>10 % Turf Type Perennial Ryegrass | • •                     | <ul><li>A low maintenance, easy to manage blend<br/>that will last for years</li><li>Stands up to heavy foot traffic</li></ul>                       |

Moisture requirement: • • • • = high • = low

### Microclover in lawns: NITROGREEN



DSV Northstar is pleased to offer a new turf mixture for 2024 incorporating the environmental and agronomic benefits of Microclover. The above blend will feature a combination of high quality Kentucky Bluegrass, Creeping Red Fescue, Annual Ryegrass and Microclover.

The Microclover addition will provide drought tolerance and has the ability to reduce fertilizer requirements for your lawn. The root structure of the Microclover enables the plant to produce it's own nitrogen and form a symbiosis with the other grass species in the mixture. The result will be an extended growth pattern with the consistent supply of natural Nitrogen. The small leaf structure of the Microclover contributes to a dense appearance with the turf grasses, providing more drought tolerance, increased wear qualities, reduced weed invasion, and the reduction in water requirements. NITROGREEN is the perfect blend for areas of high traffic such as sport facilities, public spaces or the home lawn.

NITROGREEN is the blend of choice for an environmental friendly approach to a great lawn in your neighbourhood.



### **Reclamation & Native Species**

DSV Northstar is proud to offer a full line of high quality native cool and warm season grass species, legumes, and wetland grasses across Western Canada.

We provide native blends for all types of projects; from reclamation sites and wetland habitats to major infrastructure projects and national parks.

Our team of sales agronomists work closely with contractors, engineers and conservation districts to meet the specification requirements for purity and germination for projects, large or small.

| Available Native Species |                   |                       |                       |  |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Alpine Bluegrass         | Common Sedge      | Little Bluestem       | Sheeps Fescue         |  |
| American Vetch           | Fowl Bluegrass    | Mountain Brome        | Side Oats Grama       |  |
| Awned Wheatgrass         | Fringed Brome     | Nodding Brome         | Slender Wheatgrass    |  |
| Baltic Rush              | Fults Alkaligrass | Northern Wheatgrass   | Slough Grass          |  |
| Beaked Sedge             | Green Needlegrass | Prairie Cordgrass     | Smooth Wildrye        |  |
| Big Bluestem             | Hairy Vetch       | Prairie Sandreed      | Streambank Wheatgrass |  |
| Blue Grama               | Hairy Wildrye     | Purple Prairie Clover | Tall Mannagrass       |  |
| Bluebunch Wheatgrass     | ldaho Fescue      | Red Top               | Ticklegrass           |  |
| Bluejoint Reedgrass      | Indian Grass      | Rocky Mountain Fescue | Tufted Hairgrass      |  |
| Canada Bluegrass         | Indian Ricegrass  | Rough Fescue          | Violet Wheatgrass     |  |
| Canada Wildrye           | Inland Saltgrass  | Sand Dropseed         | Western Wheatgrass    |  |
| Canadian Milkvetch       | Lewis Blue Flax   | Sandberg Bluegrass    |                       |  |

Other species may become available



### **Annual Cover Crop Program**

DSV Northstar has been involved in cover crops for over a decade, and have developed our product lineup to meet the demand of this diverse and growing market.

We can provide various cover crop blends for double cropping under irrigation, summer/fall grazing, stored forage, nitrogen fixation, and soil health improvements. We have also recommended annual legumes as a part of intercropping with cereal grain production.

Please contact your DSV Northstar sales agronomist or DSV Northstar dealer, and let us assist you in your perennial and annual forage planning.

### Available annual cover crop species and varieties:

- Berseem Clover
- Crimson Clover
- Collards
- Ladino Clover
- GROUNDHOG BRAND Radish
- VIVANT Hybrid Forage Brassica
- GORILLA Forage Rape
- Kale
- Purple Top Turnips
- APPIN Turnips
- Sugar Beets
- Hairy Vetch
- Chicory
- Austrian Winter Peas
- LIVIOLETTA Field Peas
- Persian Clover

- Serradella
- Faba Beans
- Plantain
- BEEHAPPY Phacelia
- Buckwheat
- Sunflowers
- DWARF DC BRAND BMR Sorghum Sudangrass
- NS BRAND Sorghum Sudangrass
- NS DRYSTALK BRAND BMR Sorghum Sudangrass
- Golden German Millet
- Japanese Millet
- Proso Millet
- FALLADINO Annual Ryegrass
- ELUNARIA Annual Ryegrass
- DOLOMIT Italian Ryegrass
- FABIO Italian Ryegrass



### **Annual Forage Selection**

The use of annual forages as cover crops continues to grow with a strong focus on improving soil health. The integration of livestock into a cover cropping system assists in the efficiency of the nutrient cycling ecosystem.

As we explore the benefits of Regenerative Agriculture, the use of cover cropping with annual forages combined with the use of perennial forages are key to improving soil health. The focus of Regenerative Agriculture is to increase biodiversity, improve the water cycle, and strengthen the health and vitality of the soil. This means protecting the soil with armour, and keeping root activity alive for an extended period.

|            | Cool     | Season          |                   |           | Warm Season |                         |
|------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| GRASS      |          |                 | BROADLEAF         |           |             | GRASS                   |
|            |          |                 | LEGUMES           |           |             |                         |
| Barley     |          |                 |                   |           |             | Pearl Millet            |
| Oats       |          |                 | Ladino Clover     | Soybeans  |             | Japanese Millet         |
| Ryegrass   | Phacelia | Turnip          | Forage Peas       | Chickpeas |             | Golden German<br>Millet |
| Wheat      | Kale     | Radish          | Berseem<br>Clover |           | Buckwheat   | Proso Millet            |
| Cereal Rye | Canola   | Beets           | Sweet Clover      |           | Sunflowers  | Sorghum<br>Sudangrasss  |
| Triticale  | Mustard  | Forage Brassica | Hairy Vetch       |           | Chicory     | Corn                    |

The use of annual forages in your rotational program allows you to increase biodiversity within your cropping systems. The overall goal is to increase soil carbon through vegetative growth with moisture being the caveat.

Producers use many different prescriptions to achieve biodiversity and their ability to affect soil health on their operation. Regenerative Agriculture is most often unique to an individual operation requiring site specific recommendations.

Improving soil health will require using the Five basic principles of Regenerative Agriculture:

- Create soil armor by keeping the soil covered, with no bare ground.
- Minimize soil disturbance by utilizing reduced/no till practices on cropland and adaptive grazing strategies on grazing lands.
- Increase plant diversity; rotate crops and include warm and cool-season grasses and forbs in pastures.
- Keep living roots in the ground all year.
- Integrate livestock grazing.

### **Cover Crop Blends**

Planting cover crops is becoming a common and very rewarding farming practice across the prairies. There's no silver bullet when it comes to cover cropping. At DSV Northstar we offer tailored solutions and custom blending capabilities for your desired outcome.

### D.C. GRAZER MAX

A fall grazing/double-crop blend with premium varieties.

This mix of high feed value, rapid growth brassicas featuring a low glucosinate forage rape, and Italian Ryegrass brings phenomenal fall grazing without breaking the bank.

| 60 %                        | DOLOMIT Italian Ryegrass      |  |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 20 %                        | VIVANT Hybrid Forage Brassica |  |
| 20 %                        | GORILLA Forage Rape           |  |
| Seeding rate 10 – 12 lb/ac* |                               |  |

### **SOIL HEALTH MAX**

Multi species blend to improve soil quality. All the beneficial soil improvement characteristics: deep roots to capture nutrients, penetrate hardpan and improve soil tilth, N fixing, as well as hosting a beneficial nematode environment.

# 35 % Berseem Clover 25 % Purple Top Turnip 25 % GROUNDHOG BRAND Radish 15 % BEEHAPPY Phacelia Seeding rate 8 – 10 lb/ac\*

### **SWATH GRAZE MAX**

Most popular cover crop blend.

Superior mix of leafy forages, legume and grass, providing high feed value and maximum rate of gain for cattle. Great companion with cereals for swath grazing. Cut for silage or graze in summer and graze regrowth in the fall.

| 60 %                        | Japanese Millet     |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| 20 %                        | Berseem Clover      |
| 10 %                        | GORILLA Forage Rape |
| 10 %                        | APPIN Forage Turnip |
| Seeding rate 10 – 12 lb/ac* |                     |

### **MAX BUZZ**

Pollinator species.

This pollinator blend will provide season long flowering for beneficial pollinators, and will look beautiful too!

| 34 %                       | Crimson Clover    |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 33 %                       | BEEHAPPY Phacelia |
| 33 %                       | Berseem Clover    |
| Seeding rate 8 – 10 lb/ac* |                   |

<sup>\*</sup> seeding rates reflect no companion crop



### Successful Forage Establishment

Careful planning and attention to detail are essential to ensure successful forage establishment. A successful forage stand depends on the selection of species and cultivars that are adapted to your environment and for the intended use of the forage. Your decision to plant a forage should be made with consideration of the following:

Weed Control: Consider the herbicides used in the last couple of years to ensure there are no herbicide residue issues as some products may inhibit or reduce seedling survival. Plan for a weed control program on the forages that you are seeding to control and reduce weed competition.

Seedbed Preparation: The seedbed should be firm and weed-free prior to seeding. It is important to achieve close seed to soil contact to allow for accurate seed placement which means a firm, solid seedbed. Walking or driving across a seedbed should only leave a faint imprint. A clean stubble field makes for a perfect environment.

Seeding Date: Spring seeding is ideal when soil temperatures have reached 8 to 10°C and moisture levels are good for ideal germination to occur. Moisture deficiency is often a cause of poor stand establishment, so seeding with anticipated precipitation in the spring is most successful. If you choose to dormant seed, plant when the soil temperature is below 2°C to prevent germination until the following spring.

Seeding Rate and Equipment: Seeding rates should be determined based on a combination of factors such as: the end use requirement, the predicted survival rate of the seedlings, moisture conditions, and most importantly the seeds per square foot in the field rather than percent by weight. Contact your DSV Northstar Seed sales agronomist for the ideal seeds per square foot for the various soil zones.

Producers have used various equipment to successfully seed and establish forages. What is most important is the ability to control the seeding depth and accurately meter small amounts of seed and avoid bridging when using chaffy seeds. Having an agitator in the seed box or mixing in an inert carrier or phosphate fertilizer with a ratio of 1 to 3 by weight will eliminate bridging and result in good seed flow.

Using equipment such as double disc drills, hoe drills, or air seeders and drills provide for excellent seed to soil contact, the exception may be the use of a broadcast applicator. With a broadcast applicator, it is recommended that you increase seeding rate by 20 % to adjust for seed that remains on the top of the ground following incorporation after seeding. Broadcast seedings are more reliant on rainfall for germination than any other seeding method.

Companion Crop Management: If you choose to use a companion crop, seed the companion crop at 20 to 40 % of normal rate to reduce competition in your forage establishment. If possible, seed at right angles to reduce in-row competition with your forages, and under ideal conditions, harvest as a silage crop. The goal is to reduce the length of time the swath lays on the ground. Remember to use recommended herbicides to control weed growth and reduce competition. Avoid using a competitive crop such as barley or wheat and look to crops like flax, millet or oats as a companion crop.

Select the Correct Species: When selecting your forage species, plan for the length of time the stand will be in production. Longevity and the yield of your forage stand starts with choosing the correct species adapted to your soil and field conditions. Select a quality seed that has a high level of germination and has an excellent seed purity with modern genetics for high production levels.

Purchasing low value seed may compromise yield and quality, and persistence of the stand due to lack of disease resistance and winterhardiness. Cost of the seed input in forage production accounts for less than 5%, so selection of the best species for your operation is critical to the success of your stands.

Seeding Depth: Seed your forages shallow with the maximum seeding depth on clay type soils at ¼ to ½ inch deep with some seed evident on top of the ground. If you are seeding into loam or sandy-type soil, depth may increase to a maximum of ¾ inch, keeping the importance of a firm seedbed in mind.

**Fertility:** Plan for a fertility program when seeding legumes and grasses. You may wish to bank your Phosphorus requirements for a period of 3 to 4 years as we understand that Phosphorus is not very mobile with annual applications.

Soil testing prior to seeding and fertilizing to the required nutrient levels is recommended.



### **Seed Production Opportunities**

DSV Northstar contracts with producers across Western Canada for most of the forage and turf species that we sell. Seed produced across the prairies is not only sold locally but also exported around the world.

Seed Production of forage and turf species in your rotation can have many advantages. While dependant on crop kind many are perennial crops that need to be seeded once but can have multiple harvest years

Harvest is also earlier than many traditional crops which can ease harvest time pressure. Looking for more feed? Straw from many of the species can be baled and fed with post harvest regrowth providing a second cut or fall grazing. A big advantage of forage and turf species is adding a profitable crop to your rotation. Currently there is strong demand for these crop kinds with excellent competitive pricing.

#### DSV Northstar is actively looking for producers to work with

Our production advisors are highly knowledgeable and will be able to assist you every step of the way. Your success is our success. If you are interested in finding out about grower opportunities please contact our office to be put in touch with your area's production advisor for more information.



### Our Dealers – Local Forage Experts

#### Who are DSV Northstar Dealers?

They are people from your community who are passionate about the forage and turf industry, and customer service. They are your local seed retailers based on-farm, independent farm supply companies with multiple sites, feed dealers, auction marts, landscape suppliers and many others!

### What are the benefits to you?

DSV Northstar sales agronomists work with the dealer to combine information on cutting edge varieties and agricultural practices used across Western Canada, with knowledge of your local climate and soil conditions. Many of our dealers are also producers who have experience growing the varieties we offer.

#### Want to start a conversation?

Simply work with your local dealer – they can engage their DSV Northstar agronomist to help answer your questions and provide innovative ideas. Forage is our passion, and we would love to help improve your production.

### **New Dealer Opportunities**

DSV Northstar is continuing to expand its presence in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and B.C. If you have a passion for forage, turf or native seed, speak to one of our sales agronomists about the possibility of becoming a dealer.

Call us today for more information: 1-800-430-5955

Email: info@dsv-northstar.com



### For additional information or to place an order please contact:

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